

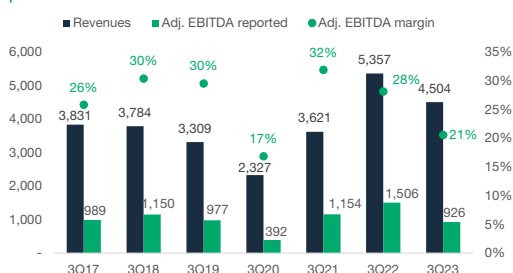
YPF 3Q23: not too bad

YPF reported decent results considering that pump-prices were frozen for 2 months, with revenues reaching USD4,504mn and an adequate net lvg of 1.7x. However, we cannot ignore that the EBITDA margin was 21%, the lowest level (excl. 2020) in the past 7 years, despite YPF's efforts to keep costs down. We expect another adjustment in local prices between Dec-Jan, as Capex is on the rise.

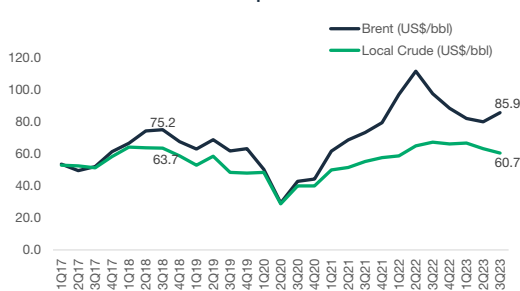
Revenues grew +2.9% qoq to USD4,504mn. Despite revenues being down -15.9% yoy, they remain at a high level from a historical perspective. For instance, revenues were in the range of USD3.8-3.3mn in 3Q17-19, when gasoline and diesel prices were more in line with international ones and macro-economic conditions were different. YPF's domestic crude oil average realization price was USD60.7/bbl while the Brent stood at USD85.9/bbl in 3Q23, a gap of USD25. In contrast, it was USD63.7/bbl and USD75.2/bbl in 3Q18, respectively. YPF is missing the opportunity of the high international price environment to strengthen its cash position. It is because of the governmental interference in the company's pricing policy that is driving the profitability deterioration.

Figure 1: YPF's revenues were high considering lower diesel and gasoline prices in USD terms.

YPF's 3Q Revenues and Adj EBITDA over the years | USDmn



YPF's crude oil local realization price vs. Brent

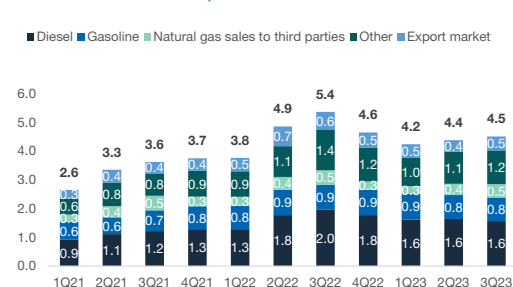


Source: TPCG Research based on YPF's FFSS

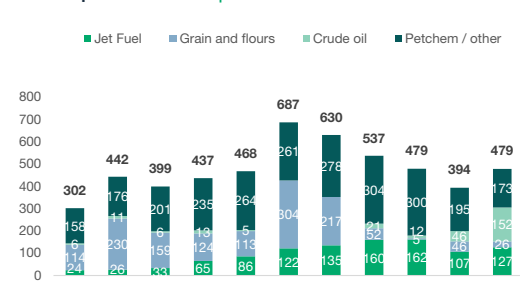
As we said in previous reports, the lack of adjustments on local retail prices will be partly compensated by the export market. Although revenues from the export market remained below last year's levels, they improved significantly over the quarters. The main differentiator was crude oil exports. In 3Q23, grain and flours exports were USD26mn, 88% lower than in 3Q22, while crude oil exports jumped to USD152mn from USD46mn in 2Q23. As a result, revenues from the export market reached USD479mn, +22% qoq, standing above the 3Q21 level of USD399mn. It leads us to think that with grain and flour exports improving to at least 2021 levels next year, revenues from the export market will surpass 2022's strong year.

Figure 2: We expect YPF's profitability to be supported by the export mkt

YPF's revenues breakdown | USDmn



YPF's exports breakdown | USDmn



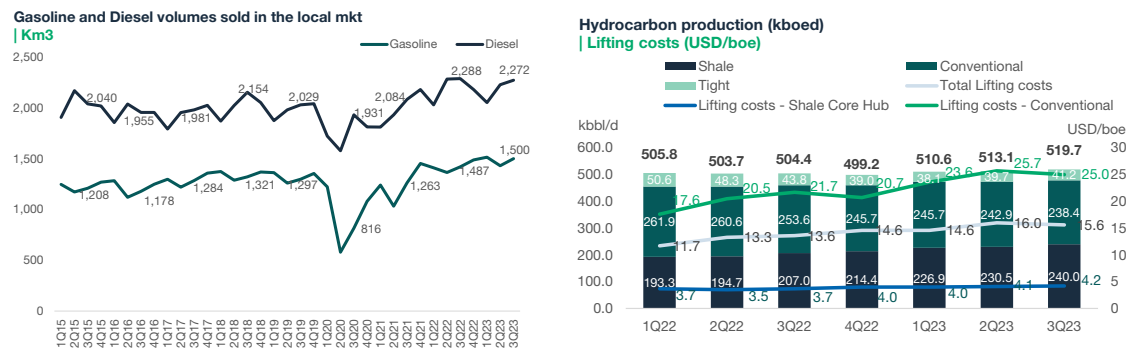
Source: TPCG Research based on YPF's FFSS

This year, the YPF DAR 26s collection account has been filled mainly with petrochemicals and virgin naphtha. Crude oil exports to Chile will increasingly contribute to it. The account must cover at least 120% of the next 2 coupons and amortization payment. In early 2024, the account must have around USD170mn. By year end, the minimum amount will diminish to USD160mn, as interest paid decreases in line with the amount outstanding. Therefore, the exports of one quarter comfortably cover the collection account.

On the local side, gasoline volumes dispatched are on the rise. Not only crude oil exports may help to partly compensate for the lack of price adjustments, but also the increase in diesel and gasoline volumes sold. In 3Q23, gasoline volumes sold increased by +4.8% qoq / +5.7% yoy to 1,500Km3 while the net average price dropped 11.6% yoy / 5.2% to USD499/m3. As a result, gasoline sales only declined 1% qoq / 6.2% yoy to USD824mn. With the recent programmed maintenance stoppages at La Plata and Lujan de Cuyo refineries, crude processed capacity will increase to 340.5kbbld from 328.1kbbld. This will contribute to YPF's fuel import reduction, which tends to increase in summer. This year fuel imports were considerably lower than last year, mainly because of the draught that impacted diesel sales. In addition, YPF decided not to import gasoline and draw down its inventory in 3Q23. However, diesel imported volumes are already at normal levels after increasing +34% qoq to 253Km3 in 3Q23. This explains why fuel imports were up +36% qoq to USD214mn in 3Q23.

If we look at the glass half full, YPF's EBITDA margin did not drop that much, only 2.4pp qoq, considering the drop in gasoline and diesel sales, which account for 76% of YPF's refined products volumes sold. The business that showed the highest resilience to cost pressures was the Upstream. Lifting costs were down 2.3% qoq to USD15.6/bbl, with total production increasing +1.3% qoq and +3.0% yoy to 519.7/kboed. NGL showed the strongest increase, +22.7% yoy / +9.1% qoq to 46.6kbbld. While natural gas production grew +2.9% qoq, driven by shale production (+7.1% qoq), crude oil production was down by 1.7% qoq, with drops in all segments. On the downstream side, what helped to slow down YPF's EBITDA margin was industrialization costs being flat and lower biofuel and non-oil agro purchases to third parties.

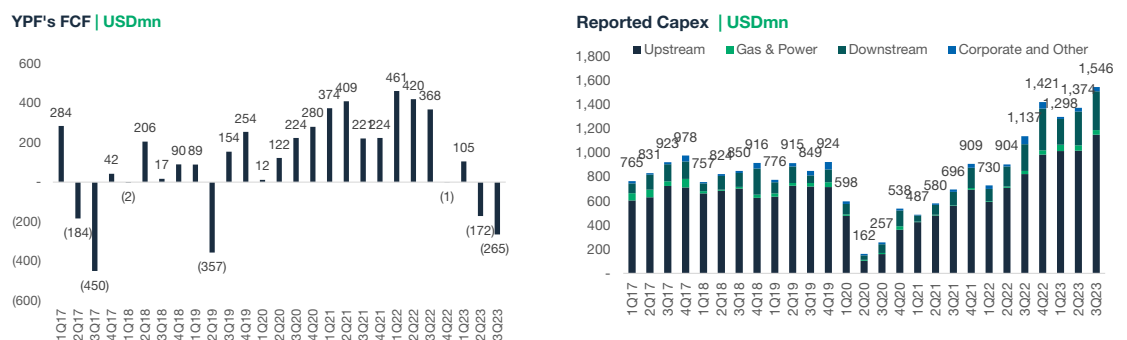
Figure 3: Gasoline and diesel sales are at record levels.



Source: TPCG Research based on YPF's FFSS

FCF was negative for the second consecutive quarter. Management had already warned that they expected a negative FCF in 2023. It was -USD265mn vs. -USD172mn in 2Q23. In our view, the negative FCF could improve significantly with just a correction of fuel prices at the gas stations. What helped to offset the increase in Capex driven by the award of 2 new shales exploratory concessions in Palermo Aike, the construction of a new diesel hydro treatment unit at the Lujan de Cuyo refinery, and the revamp of existing gasoline units at the La Plata refinery, was the increase in account payable days.

Figure 4: FCF was -USD265mn, with reported Capex increasing +13% qoq



Source: TPCG Research based on YPF's FFSS

Reported Capex increased +12.6% qoq / +36% yoy to USD1,546mn, of which USD1,150mn went to the Upstream and USD301mn went to the Industrialization sector. In 3Q23, YPF completed 67 new wells vs. 90 in 2Q23. Completed wells in conventional fields was down to 29 from 49 in 2Q23. In conventional fields, YPF completed 38 vs. 41 wells in 2Q23. Working capital requirements was down to -USD12mn from -USD91mn in 2Q23, thanks to accounts payable cash inflows of USD389mn that offset trade receivable cash outflows of -USD197mn.

To finance the negative FCF the company is tapping the local market. In the past months, YPF issued 2 USD-linked local bonds with 0% coupon: one of USD400mn on September 12th, and the second one of USD127.9mn on October 10th, 2023. The last one will impact 4Q23. As a consequence, total debt (including leases) increased +4.5% qoq to USD8,689mn, of which USD1,836mn is short term. Cash + ST Investments was roughly flat qoq at USD1,478mn, covering short term debt by 81%. In LTM3Q23, the company's net leverage was up to 1.7x from 1.4x in LTM2Q23. Our analysis of YPF shows that as long as getting financing from the local market remains cheap, the company can sustain its capex plan and maintain a slow rate of the correction of pump prices in the short term. However, YPF will need to correct pump prices by the end of 2Q24 in order to ramp up production to boost exports as the local market will not be enough.

Figure 5: YPF SA's 3Q23 summary financials.

	3Q22	3Q23	Chg yoy	2Q23	3Q23	Chg qoq
Operating Data						
Crude oil production (Kbbld)	225.3	240.9	6.9%	238.5	240.9	1.0%
NGL production (Kbbld)	41.7	42.7	2.5%	42.9	42.7	-0.3%
Gas production (Mm3d)	37.6	36.5	-3.0%	36.5	36.5	0.1%
Total (Kboed)	503.7	513.1	1.9%	510.6	513.1	0.5%
Summary financials (in USDmn)						
Income Statement Items						
Revenues	5,357.0	4,504.0	-15.9%	4,375.0	4,504.0	2.9%
Opex	(4,484.0)	(4,382.0)	-2.3%	(4,166.0)	(4,382.0)	5.2%
Adj.EBITDA	1,506.2	926.0	-38.5%	1,005.0	926.0	-7.9%
Net Income	693.0	(137.0)	n.m.	380.0	(137.0)	n.m.
Gross Margin	30%	18%		20%	18%	
Adj.EBITDA Margin	28%	21%		23%	21%	-2.4%
Balance Sheet Items						
Short Term Debt	1,131.4	1,836.0	62.3%	1,774.0	1,836.0	3.5%
Long Term Debt	6,379.5	6,853.0	7.4%	6,544.0	6,853.0	4.7%
Total Debt	7,510.9	8,689.0	15.7%	8,318.0	8,689.0	4.5%
Cash & Cash Eq. + ST Investments	1,334.5	1,478.0	10.8%	1,470.0	1,478.0	0.5%
Gross Leverage (LTM)	1.5x	2.2x		1.9x	2.2x	
Net Leverage (LTM)	1.2x	1.7x		1.4x	1.7x	
Cash / ST Debt	118%	81%		83%	81%	
ST Debt / Total Debt	15%	21%		21%	21%	
Debt / Capital	30%	32%		31%	32%	
Liquidity ratio	104%	95%		99%	95%	
Cash Flow Items						
Funds From Operations	1,845.9	1,413.6	-23.4%	1,406.6	1,413.6	0.5%
Change in Working Capital	(262.0)	(12.0)	-95.4%	(91.0)	(12.0)	-86.8%
CFO after cash interest & taxes	1,435.0	1,233.0	-14.1%	1,186.0	1,233.0	4.0%
Capex	(1,067.0)	(1,500.0)	40.6%	(1,366.0)	(1,500.0)	9.8%
Disposals	-	-	n.m.	-	-	n.m.
Free Operating Cash Flow	368.0	(267.0)	n.m.	(180.0)	(267.0)	48.3%
Acquisition (Disposals)	-	2.0	n.m.	8.0	2.0	-75.0%
Free Cash Flow	368.0	(265.0)	n.m.	(172.0)	(265.0)	54.1%

Source: TPCG Research based on YPF SA's FFSS

TPCG Analysts & Staff

Research

Juan Manuel Pazos	Chief Economist	jmpazos@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6606
Paula La Greca	Corporate Research Analyst	plagreca@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6638
Santiago Resico	Economist	sresico@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6615

Sales & Trading

Juan Manuel Truppia	Head of Sales & Trading	jmtruppia@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6659
----------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------------------------	-------------------------

Institutional Sales

Lucia Rodriguez Pardina	S&T Director	lrodriguezpardina@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6614
Agustina Guadalupe	Sales	aguadalupe@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6682
Maria Pilar Hurtado	Sales	mhurtado@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6616
Juan Ignacio Vergara	Sales	jivergara@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-1936
Santiago Baibiene	Sales	sbaibiene@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6648
Pedro Nollmann	Sales	pnollmann@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6617
María Ruiz de Castroviejo Salas	Sales	mruidecastroviejo@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6643
Victoria Faynbloch	Desk Analyst	vfaynbloch@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6635

Trading

Felipe Freire	Trader	ffreire@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-1921
Homero Fernandez Bianco	Trader	hfbianco@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6667
Andres Robertson	Trader	arobertson@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6693

Corporate Finance

José Ramos	Head of Corporate Finance	jramos@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6645
-------------------	----------------------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

Corporate Sales

Camila Martinez	Corporate Sales Director	cmartinez@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6621
Fernando Depierre	Corporate Sales	fdepierre@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6636
Sol Silvestrini	Corporate Sales	ssilvestrini@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6641
Nicolas Iglesias	Corporate Sales	niglesias@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6612

Capital markets

Nicolás Alperín	DCM	nalperin@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6604
-----------------	-----	---------------------	------------------

Wealth Management

Josefina Guerrero	Private Wealth Management Specialist	jguerrero@tpcgco.com	+54 9 11 6556 2401
-------------------	--------------------------------------	----------------------	--------------------

Asset Management

Ileana Aiello	Portfolio Manager	iaiello@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6611
Claudio Achaerandio	Portfolio Manager	cachaerandio@tpcgco.com	+54 11 4898-6618

Important Disclaimer

The document, and the information, opinions, estimates and recommendations expressed herein, have been prepared by TPCG Valores SAU to provide its customers with general information regarding the date of issue of the report and are subject to changes without prior notice. TPCG Valores SAU is not liable for giving notice of such changes or for updating the contents hereof. The document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase or subscribe to any securities or other instruments, or to undertake or divest investments. Neither shall the document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind.

Investors who have access to the document should be aware that the securities, instruments or investments to which it refers may not be appropriate for them due to their specific investment goals, financial positions or risk profiles, as these have not been taken into account to prepare the report. Therefore, investors should make their own investment decisions considering the said circumstances and obtain such specialized advice as may be necessary.

The contents of the document are based upon information available to the public that has been obtained from sources considered to be reliable. However, such information has not been independently verified by TPCG Valores SAU, and therefore no warranty, either express or implicit, is given regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness. TPCG Valores SAU. accepts no liability of any type for any direct or indirect losses arising from the use of the document or its contents. Investors should note that the past performance of securities or instruments or the historical results of investments do not guarantee future performance. The market prices of securities or instruments or the results of investments could fluctuate against the interests of investors. Investors should be aware that they could even face a loss of their investment.

Transactions in futures, options and securities or high-yield securities can involve high risks and are not appropriate for every investor. Indeed, in the case of some investments, the potential losses may exceed the amount of initial investment and, in such circumstances; investors may be required to pay more money to support those losses. Thus, before undertaking any transaction with these instruments, investors should be aware of their operation, as well as the rights, liabilities and risks implied by the same and the underlying stocks. Investors should also be aware that secondary markets for the said instruments may be limited or even not exist.

TPCG Valores SAU. and/or any of its affiliates, as well as their respective directors, executives and employees, may have a position in any of the securities or instruments referred to, directly or indirectly, in the document, or in any other related thereto; they may trade for their own account or for third-party account in those securities, provide consulting or other services to the issuer of the aforementioned securities or instruments or to companies related thereto or to their shareholders, executives or employees, or may have interests or perform transactions in those securities or instruments or related investments before or after the publication of the report, to the extent permitted by the applicable law.

TPCG Valores SAU or any of its affiliates' salespeople, traders and other professionals may provide oral or written market Commentary or trading strategies to its clients that reflect opinions that are contrary to the opinions expressed herein. Furthermore, TPCG Valores SAU, or any of its affiliates' proprietary trading and investing businesses, may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the recommendations expressed herein.

No part of the document may be (i) copied, photocopied or duplicated by any other form or means (ii) redistributed or (iii) quoted without the prior written consent of TPCG Valores SAU. No part of the report may be copied, conveyed, distributed or furnished to any person or entity in any country (or persons or entities in the same) in which its distribution is prohibited by law. Failure to comply with these restrictions may breach the laws of the relevant jurisdiction.

For U.S. persons only:

This report is a product of TPCG, which is the employer of the research analyst(s) who has prepared the informative report. The research analyst(s) preparing this report is/are resident(s) outside the United States (U.S.) and is/are not associated person(s) of any U.S. regulated broker-dealer and therefore the analyst(s) is/are not subject to supervision by a U.S. broker-dealer and is/are not required to satisfy the regulatory licensing requirements of FINRA or required to otherwise comply with U.S. rules or regulations.

This report is intended for distribution by TPCG only to U.S. Institutional Investors and Major U.S. Institutional Investors, as defined by Rule 15a-6(b)(4) of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Act, 1934 (the Exchange Act) and interpretations thereof by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), in reliance on Rule 15a 6(a)(2). If the recipient of this report is not a US Institutional Investors nor a Major U.S. Institutional Investor, as specified above, then he should not act upon this report and return it to the sender. Further, this report may not be copied, duplicated and/or transmitted to any U.S. person, which is not a U.S. Institutional Investor, nor a Major U.S. Institutional Investor.

In order to comply with the US regulations, our transactions with US Institutional Investors and Major US Institutional Investors are effected through the US-registered broker-dealer Marco Polo Securities Inc. ("Marco Polo"). Transactions in securities discussed in this report should be effected through Marco Polo or another U.S. registered broker dealer.